200.1	REACTION MOTOR (E.G., MOTIVE	229	With plural selectively usable
	FLUID GENERATOR AND REACTION		motive fluid ejecting means
	NOZZLE, ETC.)	230	Jet stream deflecting means
201	.Rotating or cyclic movement	231	By secondary fluid injection
	during axial thrust	232	Motive fluid outlet movable
202	.Ion motor		relative to motor part
203.1	.Electric, nuclear, or radiated	233	.Condition responsive thrust
	energy fluid heating means		varying means
204	.Method of operation	234	Solid propellant depletion
205	By chemical reaction		control
206	Utilizing indirect heat	235	Motive fluid outlet area and
200	exchange		fuel flow control
207	Utilizing plural reaction	236	Plural spool motor-compressors
207		237	Outlet area sensed to control
208	zones within a system	_0,	fuel or oxidizer flow
208	Injecting air into the	238	Motive fluid temperature
000	reaction zone	250	sensed to control fuel flow or
209	Including using additive		outlet area
	material	239	Compressor or turbine speed
210	Injected separately	239	sensed to control fuel flow or
211	Injecting separate streams of		outlet area
	fuel and oxidizer (e.g.,	240	
	hypergole, etc.) into the	240	Oxidizer and fuel flow control
	reaction zone	241	Plural burners in series
212	Using igniter aid	242	Outlet area control
213	Injected separately	243	Fuel flow control
214	Oxidizer in the form of a	244	.Motive fluid from diverse
	mixture		generators alternatively
215	Fuel in the form of a mixture		ejected through outlet
216	One component free metal	245	Propellant supply used in one
217	Injecting mixture of fuel and		operation reduced before
	oxidizer into the reaction		starting another
	zone	246	.Turborocket
218	Decomposing a compound in the	247	.Intermittent combustion
	reaction zone	248	Air bypass passage
219	Using solid material in	249	Aerodynamic valve
217	reaction zone	250	.Plural propellants to burn
220	Including injecting modifying		sequentially
220	fluid	251	.Solid and fluid propellant
221	.Motive fluid principally liquid	252	.Gel propellant
222	Plural discharge outlets	253	.Solid propellant
	With destruction sensing and	254	Including means to terminate or
223	_	231	regulate motive fluid
224	preventing means		production
224	.Interrelated reaction motors	255	Including propellant support
225	Sequentially operated	255	means
226.1	Air and diverse fluid discharge	256	
	from separate discharge		Including ignition means
	outlets (e.g., fan jet, etc.)	257	Liquid oxidizer
226.2	Having thrust reverser	258	Including injector means
226.3	Having means to effect a	259	Including pressurizing means
	variable bypass ratio	260	Including heating means
227	.Motive fluid principally steam	761	.Having afterburner
228	.With thrust direction modifying	762	Having oxidizer bypzssed to
	means		afterburner feature

763	Movable flame holder	604	With heat exchanger to transfer
764	Fuel flow control		energy from engine exhaust to
765	Particular flame holder structure	605.1	motive fluid for motorSupercharging means driven by
766	Particular liner or casing	COF 2	engine exhaust actuated motor
0.50	structure	605.2	With exhaust gas recirculation
262	.Air passage bypasses combustion chamber	605.3	With motor bearing lubrication or cooling
263	.Plural motive fluid generating	606	With means to provide
	means or plural outlets		additional motive fluid for
264	.Including motive fluid treating		motor
	means	607	With additional drive means
265	.Means to flow film on surface		for supercharging means
266	.Including heat exchange means	608	With condition responsive
267	For a liquid		drive means control
	-	609	Fluid motor and engine each
268	.Including counter rotating rotors	009	drive at least one means to supercharge the engine
269	.Including mechanical air	C10	
	compressor or air flow	610	Supercharging means
	inducing means		convertible from series to
767	.Air supplied by ram effect		parallel
	(e.g., ramjet, etc.)	611	Having condition responsive
768	Supersonic speed therethrough		means to control supercharged
	(e.g., scramjet, etc.)		flow to engine
769	Solid fuel	612	Plural superchargers
770	.Particular exhaust nozzle	613	.With means to store combustion
771	featureHaving variable area		<pre>products prior to entry into fluid motor means</pre>
	_	614	.Having fluid motor motive fluid
595	INTERNAL COMBUSTION TYPE FREE PISTON DEVICE SUPPLIES MOTIVE	011	treating, controlling or
	FLUID TO MOTOR		conditioning means
596	INTERNAL COMBUSTION TYPE FREE	615	Having condition responsive
370	PISTON DEVICE WITH PRESSURE		control of motive fluid
	FLUID STARTING MEANS	616	Having means to transfer heat
F 0 7			energy between engine exhaust
597	FLUID MOTOR MEANS DRIVEN BY WASTE		and motive fluid for fluid
	HEAT OR BY EXHAUST ENERGY FROM		motor
	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE	617	And having means to add fluid
598	.With supercharging means for engine	017	to motive fluid
599	With means to change	618	Motive fluid is vaporized
322	_		liquid
	temperature of supercharged flow	619	Having means to add a diverse
600	With condition responsive valve		fluid to combustion products
	means to control supercharged	620	.Fluid motor means is expansible
	flow and exhaust products		chamber type with movable
601	With coordinated engine fuel		parts of motor and engine
	control		being interconnected
602	Having condition responsive	621	Movable wall portions are
-	valve controlling engine		rigidly interconnected
	exhaust flow	622	Expansible chamber of fluid
603	With coordinated fuel control		motor means receives exhaust
000	means for engine		alternately from two or more
	carb for crigitic		expansible chambers of engine
			means

623	Fluid motor is rotary type	292	Valve at reactor outlet
624	.Fluid motor means is a turbine with output means mechanically	293	controlledCheck valve feeds air to
	interconnected with internal	293	exhaust system
	combustion engine output	294	Reactor control correlated with
272	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE WITH		cyclic or external engine
	TREATMENT OR HANDLING OF		control
	EXHAUST GAS	295	Having means for regenerating,
273	.Methods		replacing, or feeding liquid
274	Anti-pollution		or solid reagent or catalyst
275	.By electrolysis, electrical	296	Flow reversing structure
	<pre>discharge, electrical field, or vibration generator</pre>	297	Reactor plus a washer, sorber or mechanical separator
276	.Having means analyzing	298	With means cooling reactor or
270	composition of exhaust gas	270	reactor feed
277	.Having sensor or indicator of	299	Using a catalyst
_ , ,	malfunction, unsafeness, or	300	Having a means for heating the
	disarray of treater (e.g.,	300	catalyst
	fusible link, etc.)	301	Reducing type catalyst
278	.Material from exhaust structure	302	Catalyst in engine manifold or
	fed to engine intake		at exhaust port
279	Separated reactive constituent	303	Having heater, igniter, or fuel
	of exhaust fed to engine		supply for reactor
280	.Having auxiliary device	304	Oxidizer feed passage at engine
	mechanically driven by exhaust		exhaust valve, manifold or
281	gas .Having exhaust gas collection	205	port
201	and storage, or use as a	305	Distributed to plural
	pressure fluid source	206	individual ports or valves
282	.By means producing a chemical	306	To port zone and downstream of
202	reaction of a component of the	307	port
	exhaust gas	307	Pressurizing means feeds reactive air to reactor
283	With means handling crankcase,	308	Exhaust actuated air aspirator
	carburetor, or gas tank vapor	309	Having retainer or flow director
284	Automatic or timed reactor	307	for exhaust gas condensate
	purge or heat-up in engine	310	.Treated by washing, or having
	starting operation	310	liquid contact structure
285	Engine fuel, air, or ignition	311	.By sorber or mechanical
	controlled by sensor of		separator
	reactor condition	312	.Pulsed, timed, tuned or
286	Condition responsive control of		resonating exhaust
	heater, cooler, igniter, or	313	Correlated exhausts from plural
	fuel supply of reactor		cylinders
287	Condition responsive control of	314	Two-cycle engine
	reactor feed, pressure, or by-	315	.Pump draws exhaust gas from
200	pass		engine
288	Exhaust gas diverted from	316	Fluid jet or stream aspirates
	reactor or treating agent		exhaust gas
289	mixer	317	.Exhaust and external fluid
207	Air feed to reactor modulated or diverted by control		mingling structure
290	Responsive to engine speed or	318	External fluid is steam
2JU	intake manifold pressure	319	Exhaust aspirates external
291	Of or by pressure in reactor		fluid
	or of engine exhaust		
	_		

220	The bound of the second of the	772	***************************************
320	.Exhaust gas or exhaust system	773 774	Having power output control
	element heated, cooled, or		Multiple expansion
201	used as a heat source	775	Introducing water or steam
321	Cooled manifold	776	Ignition or fuel injection
322	.Having vibration attenuating, or		after starting
	expansion and contraction	777	Catalyst
	relieving structure	778	Having particular starting
323	.Common receiver having inlets	779	Having particular safety
	from plural cylinder (i.e.,	780	Having fuel conversion (e.g.,
	exhaust manifold)		reforming, etc.)
324	.Divider, collector, valve means,	781	Solid fuel
	or boundary layer device	782	Having bleed air to cool or
	controlling exhaust gas flow		heat motor or component
625	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE WITH		thereof (e.g., active
	STRUCTURE ROTATING OR STARTING		clearance control, etc.)
	IT BY PRESSURE FLUID	783	Combined with diverse nominal
626	.Having means for compressing,		process
	generating or storing pressure	784	.For nominal other than power
	fluid	701	plant output feature
627	Having condition responsive	785	Air bleed
	control of means	39.08	.With lubricators
628	Storage vessel charged by	39.00	***************************************
	internal combustion engine	39.091	.With safety device
	acting as a pump		Debris anti-ingestion preventer
629	Pressure fluid motor	39.093	Ice preventer or de-icer
	convertible to pressure fluid	39.094	Fuel flusher or drainer
	pump	39.1	Excess pressure relief
630	.Having manual selector of engine	39.11	Flame screen
050	valve settings or of fluid	39.12	.With combustible gas generator
	flow branches	39.13	.Automatic starting and stopping
631	Including means selecting		of combustion products
031	direction of engine rotation		generator
632	ONE SHOT EXPLOSION ACTUATED	786	.Combined with starting feature
032	EXPANSIBLE CHAMBER TYPE MOTOR	787	Separate device or motive fluid
622			source
633	.Having means for feeding fluid	788	Starter motor mechanically
624	fuel		coupled to power plant
634	.Having plural charge holding		mechanically coupled to power
	means	789	Solid propellant charge
635	.Having mechanical means securing		initiates starting (e.g.,
	working member in fired		cartridge starter, etc.)
	position	790	Having condition responsive
636	.Having latch, rupture or safety		fuel control
	means resisting movement of	39.15	.Multiple fluid-operated motors
	working member or firing means	791	Re-expansion
	from unfired position	792	Multi-spool turbocompressor
637	.Having orifice or conduit	39.162	Counter - rotatable
	restricting flow of combustion		
	products from combustion zone	39.163	Selectively connectable
	to motor chamber	39.17	With treatment between stages
638	.Having shock absorbing, damping	39.181	Different fluids
	or slow down means for working	39.182	Steam and combustion products
	member	39.183	Air and combustion products
39.01	COMBUSTION PRODUCTS USED AS	39.19	.Different fluids
	MOTIVE FLUID	39.23	.With variable oxidizer control
772	.Processes		

793	.Combined with regulation of	39.465	Gaseous fuel at standard
	power output feature		temperature and pressure
	regulation of power output	39.47	Solid fuel containing oxidizer
	feature	39.48	.With fluid pressure feeding of
39.21	Plural generators, selectively		oxidizer, fuel or water
39.22	operable	39.49	.With air injection by fuel or
39.44	Varying cycle frequency relative to prime mover speed	39.5	steam jet
39.24	Automatic	39.5	.With exhaust treatmentRegenerator
39.25	Motive fluid to prime mover	39.511	Rotary heat exchanger
39.26	Oxidizer, fuel and water or	39.512	Exhaust gas recycling
37.20	steam	39.53	.With addition of steam and/or
39.27	Oxidizer and fuel	37.33	water
39.281	Fuel	39.54	Added in prime mover
39.282	Torque sensor	39.55	Added in combustion products
794	Oxidizer		generator
795	Bleed	39.56	Mixed in space above water
39.3	Water or steam	39.57	Combustion products pass
796	.Having mounting or supporting		through water
	structure	39.58	Added in mixing nozzle or in
797	For motor		turbine nozzle
798	Having ease of assembly or	39.59	Added in separate mixing
	disassembly feature		chamber
799	.Having expansible connection	39.6	.External-combustion engine type
800	Combustor or fuel system	39.62	With plurality of combustion
801	.Convertible or combined with		products generator per
	feature other than combustion		cylinder
	products generator or motor	39.63	Continuous combustion
802	Motor driven accessory	39.64	.Alternate cycle
803	Motor condition sensing feature	722	.Combustion products generator
39.34	.Rotating combustion products generator and turbine	723	Having catalyst in combustion zone
39.35	Continuous combustion type	724	Plural with intercycling by
804	.Coaxial combustion products	,	pressure fluctuations
	generator and turbine	725	Having noise reduction means
39.37	.Plural combustion products	726	With means to pressurize
	generators in ring coaxial		oxidizer for combustion or
	with turbine		other purposes
39.38	Intermittent combustion type	727	With oxidizer accumulator
39.39	Common rotary distributing	728	Having oxidizer cooling means
	valve	729	Reciprocating positive
39.4	Common cam member		displacement type
39.41	.With exhaust pump for combustion	730	With liquid heat exchanger
	products generator	731	With combuston products
39.42	.With reversible turbine		accumulator
39.43	.With dual function turbine	732	Having initial fuel-rich
39.44	.With closed pocket turbine		combustion zone
39.45	.With gear, pressure exchanger, or screw-type compressor	733	Separate fuel injectors for plural zones
39.461	.Using special fuel or oxidizer	734	Having fuel supply system
39.462	Monofuel type	735	Fuel injected into turbine
39.463	Plural distinct fuels	736	Fuel preheated upstream of
39.464	Solid, slurry, emulsive, or	, 5 5	injector
	suspensive type fuel	737	Fuel and air premixed prior to
			combustion

738	\ldots Premix tube within combustion	39.825	Single shot liquid type
	zone	39.826	Pilot or torch type
739	With fuel supply manifold for	39.827	Spark type
	separate injectors	39.828	Incandescent type
740	With fuel injector	39.83	.Cooling of auxiliary components
741	Fuel control valve integral	639	MOTOR ACTUATED BY ACCUMULATING
	with injector		AND DUMPING LIQUID OR FLUENT
742	Unitary injector having	C 4.0	MATERIAL
T.42	plural fuel flow paths	640	.Rocking member having opposite
743	Surface film injector	C 4 1 1	accumulating means
744	Rotary fuel injector	641.1	UTILIZING NATURAL HEAT
745	Slinger type	641.2	Geothermal
746	Plural distinct injectors	641.3	With direct fluid contact
747	Injectors in distinct	641.4	With deep well turbopump
	radially spaced parallel flow	641.5	With fluid flashing
	combustion products generators arranged to combine discharges	641.6	.With natural temperature differential
748	With attendant coaxial air	C 4 1 7	
-	swirler	641.7	Ocean thermal energy conversion (OTEC)
749	Having bluff flame	641.8	.Solar
	stabilization means	641.9	With distillation
750	Having means to recycle	641.11	With elevated structure
	combustion products internally	641.12	Air is working fluid
7.51	of combustion zone	641.13	With single state working
751 752	Having diffuser for air inletCombustor liner		substance
752 753	Ceramic	641.14	Gaseous
753 754	Porous	641.15	With solar concentration
_	Polous	516	MOTOR OPERATED BY EXPANSION AND/
755	Harring moans to direct flow		
755	Having means to direct flow		OR CONTRACTION OF A UNIT OF
	along inner surface of liner	E17	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM
755 756	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is
756	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner dome	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a
756 757	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial direction	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly
756	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner dome	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible
756 757	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly
756 757	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion	517	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely
756 757 758	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion products		MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween
756 757 758	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air		MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change
756 757 758 759	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside liner		MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship
756 757 758 759	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows		MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and
756 757 758 759	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products	518	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer
756 757 758 759 760	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within liner	518	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having
756 757 758 759 760	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbine	518	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer
756 757 758 759 760 805 806	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd cooling	518 519 520	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween . Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer . Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer . Having free floating displacer or transfer piston
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion type	518 519	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer or transfer piston Having means to increase or
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocating	518 519 520	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer or transfer piston Having means to increase or diminish quantity of
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valve	518 519 520 521	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer or transfer piston Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.79 39.8	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valve	518 519 520	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween . Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer . Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer . Having free floating displacer or transfer piston . Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass . Having means to control rate of
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.79 39.8 39.81	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith fuel metering valve	518519520521522	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween .Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer .Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer .Having free floating displacer or transfer piston .Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass .Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.79 39.8 39.81 39.821	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith fuel metering valveWith ignition device	518 519 520 521	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween . Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer . Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer . Having free floating displacer or transfer piston . Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass . Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers . Having electrical heating means
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.88 39.81 39.821 39.822	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerHaving turbineAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith ignition deviceCatalytic type	518519520521522523	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween . Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer . Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer . Having free floating displacer or transfer piston . Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass . Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers . Having electrical heating means for mass
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.79 39.8 39.81 39.821	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith fuel metering valveWith ignition deviceCatalytic typePyrotechnic squib or charge	518519520521522	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer or transfer piston Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers Having means to control
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.81 39.821 39.822 39.823	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith fuel metering valveWith ignition deviceCatalytic typePyrotechnic squib or charge type	518519520521522523	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween . Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer . Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer . Having free floating displacer or transfer piston . Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass . Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers . Having means to control temperature of heating or
756 757 758 759 760 805 806 39.76 39.77 39.78 39.88 39.81 39.821 39.822	along inner surface of linerAir directed to flow along inner surface of liner domeIn an axial directionAir introduced within liner counter to flow of combustion productsAir scoop extends into air flowing outside linerAir outside liner flows counter to combustion products flow within linerAnd coolingIntermittent combustion typeResonatingRotating, oscillating, or reciprocatingWith fluid actuated valveWith pressure actuated valveWith fuel metering valveWith ignition deviceCatalytic typePyrotechnic squib or charge	518519520521522523	MASS OF MOTIVATING MEDIUM .Unit of mass is a gas which is heated or cooled in one of a plurality of constantly communicating expansible chambers and freely transferable therebetween Having means to change operational phase relationship of working member and displacer Expansible chamber having rotatable or oscillatory displacer Having free floating displacer or transfer piston Having means to increase or diminish quantity of motivating mass Having means to control rate of flow of mass between chambers Having means to control

525	Motor having plural working	654	Including mingling motor exhaust steam with boiler feed
526	membersMotor having regenerator for		water
	mass	655	.Noncommunicating heat
527	.Mass is a solid		transferring motive fluid
528	Mass heated because of		system (e.g., cascade, etc.)
	resistance to flow of electric current	656	.Having ancillary structure for starting
529	Mass is bimetallic	657	.Having apparatus cleaning,
530	.Mass is a liquid	00.	sealing, lubricating, purging,
531	Liquid is vaporized		standby, or protecting feature
508	FLUID WITHIN EXPANSIBLE CHAMBER	658	Damage to heat receiving
	HEATED OR COOLED		element prevented by automatic
509	.Special motive fluid		means maintaining minimum flow
510	.Air rarefied by combustion	659	.Including heat, steam, or
511	.Fluid mingling (e.g.,		compressed gas storage means
	condensation)	660	.Having condition responsive
512	.Having means within the working		control
	chamber to effect the pressure	661	Of or by heat rejecting means
	of fluid therein		or its bypass
513	Electric heating means	662	Involving feed from source
514	.Concurrent fluid supply and		means to separate motor stages
	vaporization		or utilizing means
515	.Having control means for heating	663	Of branched feed to, condition
	or cooling means		of, or heating means for
642	MOTIVE STEAM GENERATED FROM HOT		motive fluid between motor
	WATER CHARGE BY REDUCING	664	stagesOf or by heat source material
	PRESSURE ABOVE CHARGE	004	-
			or element
643	MOTIVE FLUID ENERGIZED BY	665	or element And of or by boiler liquid
	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT	665	And of or by boiler liquid
643		665 666	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or
	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or	666	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheater
644.1 645	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation		And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or
644.1	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down,	666 667	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed
644.1 645	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or	666	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed.Power system physically related
644.1 645 646	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure	666 667 668	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure
644.1 645	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above	666 667 668 669	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler
644.1 645 646	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure	666 667 668	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of
644.1 645 646	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of	666 667 668 669 670	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of state
644.1 645 646	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam	666 667 668 669	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of state Motive fluid comprises a
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use	666 667 668 669 670	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of state
644.1 645 646	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating	666 667 668 669 670	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of state Motive fluid comprises a material other than steam or
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different	666 667 668 669 670	 And of or by boiler liquid level or feed Of bypass of superheater or desuperheater Of means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of state Motive fluid comprises a material other than steam or water
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a	666 667 668 669 670	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different	666 667 668 669 670 671	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zone
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path	666 667 668 669 670 671	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts
644.1 645 646 647 648	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and	666 667 668 669 670 671 672	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with another
644.1 645 646 647 648 649	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and cooling a single phase fluid	666 667 668 669 670 671 672	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with anotherAir and steam supplied to motorGravity motor actuated by
644.1 645 646 647 648 649	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and cooling a single phase fluid Including vaporizing a motive	666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with anotherAir and steam supplied to motorGravity motor actuated by weight of condensed vapor
644.1 645 646 647 648 649 650	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and cooling a single phase fluid Including vaporizing a motive fluid other than water	666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with anotherAir and steam supplied to motorGravity motor actuated by weight of condensed vaporIncluding plural distinct
644.1 645 646 647 648 649 650	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and cooling a single phase fluid Including vaporizing a motive fluid other than water Of accommodating, fluctuating or peak loads Including superheating,	666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with anotherAir and steam supplied to motorGravity motor actuated by weight of condensed vaporIncluding plural distinct boilers, heat supplies or
644.1 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652	EXTERNALLY APPLIED HEAT .Heating motive fluid by nuclear energy .Process of power production or system operation Including start up, shut down, cleaning, protective or maintenance procedure Including operating at or above critical pressure Including production of withdrawable product or steam for external use Including mixing or separating materials of different chemical compositions in a motive fluid flow path Producing power by heating and cooling a single phase fluid Including vaporizing a motive fluid other than water Of accommodating, fluctuating or peak loads	666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675	And of or by boiler liquid level or feedOf bypass of superheater or desuperheaterOf means controlling boiler or its feed .Power system physically related to vehicle structure .Motor mounted in or on boiler .Power system involving change of stateMotive fluid comprises a material other than steam or waterMotor exhaust used in combustion zoneOne fluid absorbs or reacts with anotherAir and steam supplied to motorGravity motor actuated by weight of condensed vaporIncluding plural distinct

677	Serially connected motor with intermotor supply or	546	Pulsator synchronizes movement of plural outputs
678	withdrawal of motive fluidWithdrawn fluid heats boiler	547.1	With control of or by a separate power fluid, etc.
	feed indirectly	547.2	By pressure responsive valve
679	Having motive fluid reheater between serially connected motors	547.3	dividing flow between motor and an auxiliary loadBy manually operated valve
680	Motive fluid bypassing upstream motor heats reheater	317.3	dividing flow between motor and an auxiliary load
681	Motor exhaust mixes with combustion products of boiler	548	Flow in recirculating circuit controlled
	heater	549	Master structure provides non-
682	.Single state motive fluid energized by indirect heat transfer		overlapping periods of pressurization of diverse pressure ranges in distinct
683	Motor exhaust fed into		pulsator circuits
	combustion device	550	Master driven by manual power
684	Including interstage reheat means		control lever on power failure and having means adjusting
325	PRESSURE FLUID SOURCE AND MOTOR		lever throw or master
532	.Shock or resonant wave type of energy transmission		resistance responsive to failure of power fluid supply
533	.Pulsator	551	Manual master and controller
534	Having signal, indicator or recorder of apparatus condition		of motor driven master actuated by separate linkages to a common operating lever
535	Responsive to leakage of pulse fluid	552	Mechanical feedback to manual control controls power fluid
536	Plural correlated pulsators		to establish position of
	transmitting unlimited rotary	FF2	working member of master
	input to unlimited rotary output	553	With distinct piston or diaphragm exposed to pulsator
537	<pre>Programmed, self-cycled or self-pulsed</pre>	F F 4	pressure imparting feel to manual control
538	Including electrical control or actuation	554	Having load deformable means between master working member
539	Cam drive of plural masters		and motor thrust means
540	Including timer or time delay		adjusting bias of manual
	means the cycle	555	controlMaster movement of master
541	Having means terminating cycle at parking or holding position	555	produces a pressure that
542	Pneumatic device having pulse air bleed or supply means	556	controls the power fluidPower fluid input controller
543	Self-operated pulse fluid purge or quantity adjustment structure		operated by piston or diaphragm acted on one side by pressure of a manual master and on the other by pressure
544	Continuously acting self-		of a power driven master
	pulsing master with manually settable slave release or output control valve	557	Pressurized fluid from manual master charges slave and
545	Having electricity or magnetically operated structure		controls power fluid to separate master

558	Fluid from the manual master fed to slave through a passage in the working member of the power master	575	Automatic trapping of fluid back of delivery piston forms temporary pulsator driving piston during one stage
559	Passage extends across the expansible chamber of the motor of the power master	576 577	<pre>Of separate movement of plural delivery pistonsCentral externally driven</pre>
560	Power fluid also fed into a separate expansible chamber directly driving output means		piston drives surrounding piston means through a load responsive connector
561	Pressure balancing free piston or diaphragm between parallel pulsators	578	Unitarily movable displacer delivers fluid from two delivery chambers, one chamber
562	Master piston of one pulsator circuit drives master piston of a parallel circuit through	579	being ineffective under high pressure deliverySlave of first master drives
	a resilient, fluid or lost motion connection	580	master of another slaveParallel masters driven by
563	Expansible chamber of output		first pulsator
	pressurized directly by motive fluid and indirectly by a master driven by the motive	581	<pre>Plural structurally related master pistons, cylinders or pulsator circuits</pre>
	fluid	582	Having safety standby structure
564	Delivery pressure of master lower than pressure driving		becoming operative upon apparatus malfunction
565	master	583	Pulse fluid vessel embracing
505	Master and diverse non-pulsator drive of output member or members	F 0 4	output piston and fluid displacing element
566	Manual master and alternate nonmanual pressure fluid	584	Having separately and manually operated structure for charging, discharging
565	source feed output motor		bleeding, or adjusting
567	Including plural separately operable master actuators or master units driving a common	585	<pre>pulsator volumeHolder for reserve liquid feeds master</pre>
	slave	586	Having means to establish
568	Having distinct means for holding a pulsator element in		holding pressure in pulse
	set position	587	Pressure maintained through
569	Distinct externally operable valve sealing pulse fluid in		inlet or piston cylinder of master
570	<pre>slaveMechanical latch, brake or detent</pre>	588	Master piston traps liquid on advance across a feed port in cylinder wall
571	Double-acting slave unit or	589	Master piston or its actuator
0,1	opposed slaves having a single output	307	mechanically operates valve between holder and master
572	Having pulse fluid pressure or	500	cylinder
500	quantity compensating or adjusting means	590	Condition responsive device limits return flow from biased
573	<pre>Self-acting phase balancing means acting at midpoint or end of stroke</pre>	591	slaveHaving valve, director, or
574	Automatic control of plural stage pressure generation or utilization		restrictor in pulse fluid flow path

592	Having, surge chamber, fluid	344	Braked casing
	supply means, or means	345	One-way clutch between the
	compensating for fluid		movable guide, an impeller,
	expansion, contraction or		turbine or a second movable
	leakage		guide
593	Having fluid motor driving	346	Plural movable guides, one
	piston of master unit		having a one-way clutch to
594	Having cam, or lever system		frame
	driving master	347	Having condition responsive or
326	.Utilizing a mixture, suspension,	51.	manually settable control
320	semisolid or electro-		means to regulate unit output
	conductive liquid as motive	348	Distributes motive fluid
	fluid	340	between plural units, stages
327			or quides
_	.Methods of operation	240	_
328	.Having a signal, indicator or	349	Adjusts impeller or turbine
	inspection means	0.50	axially
329	.Condition responsive control	350	Variable face clearance
	means responsive to, or	351	Controls scoop operation for
	compensating for, motive fluid		removing liquid from rotating
	compressibility, temperature		casing
	variation or viscosity	352	Of means within an impulse,
	variation driven master		reaction or energy transfer
330	.Coaxial impeller and turbine		flow path being adjustable to
	unit		modify flow of motive fluid
331	Reversible turbine or turbine	353	Motive fluid guide vane
	system		transferable axially into or
332	Having pitch control or motive		out of motive fluid flow path
	fluid flow guide or reaction	354	Pitch or orientation of flow
	blade means		directing guide or blade
333	Having means to brake or free		controlled
333	flow quide means	355	Speed responsive
334	Having means to remove or	356	Motive fluid pressure
334	insert flow guide means from	330	responsive
	or into motive fluid flow path	257	-
335		357	Of means adjusting the mass of
333	Having plural individually		level of motive fluid at the
226	actuatable units	0.50	impeller energy transfer zone
336	Having filtering, de-aerating,	358	Including continuously driven
	cleaning or bleeding structure		auxiliary pump
337	Having heating or cooling means	359	Exhaust valve
338	Having shock, vibration or	360	Motive fluid pressure
	surge control structure		responsive
339	Having lubricating means	361	Having separate guide or
340	Plural turbines drive		reaction means in circuit
	relatively movable output		including impeller and turbine
	members	362	Rotatable guide or reaction
341	Having brake or clutch		means coaxial with the
	controlling movement of a flow		impeller
	guide located in the impeller-	363	Plural impeller-turbine units
	turbine flow path	364	Impeller or turbine integral
342	With means adjusting blade		with unit housing
	orientation or blade exposure	365	Fluid deflecting means
	in flow path	366	Toroidal impeller and turbine
343	Speed or fluid condition		
J 1 J	responsive brake or manually	367	Having core or ring member at
			interface
	adjustable brake		

368	.Control by independently operated punch card, tape, digital computer, counter, template, or programmer cyclic	386	Manual pump supplies motive fluid to output motor when power motive fluid pump is inactive
	control	387	.Distinct structure metering and
369	.Cyclically operable reciprocating or oscillating motor or output stroke device		dispensing a stroke length determining volume of motive fluid to the motor
370	Pneumatic motor	388	.Full range correspondence of
371	Having means to store and release energy usable to energize motor work output means		position of external manipulator and motor positioned member effected by feedback linkage
372	Pneumatic counter-balance of	389	Positioned member is
	<pre>gravity load on motor (e.g., deep well pump rod, etc.)</pre>		displacement controller of second motor pump
373	Progressive change of stroke	390	Electrical feedback means
	length in successive strokes	391	Feedback linkage controls
374	Correlated independently		variable displacement pump
375	movable output membersCorrelated power input pumps	392	Feedback includes plural movable valve parts
	and/or pressurized fluid	393	.Manipulator for motive fluid
376	sourcesMotor control means having		control valve having load feel or motor pressure feedback
370	timer or time delay means	394	.Having apparatus control by
377	Provides dwell or press period	331	timer or delay means
311	at end of stroke	395	.Control relative to
378	Having purging, surge accommodating, or leaking handling or replenishing	3,73	independently driven oscillator, speed standard or pacer device
	structure	396	.Utilizing lubricant, starter
379	Having condition responsive cycle abort means or means for manual control of motor output		motor, cooling fluid, or fluid used for combustion in an internal combustion engine
380	With means to shut down system after a complete to and fro cycle of the motor means	397	Vacuum generated by internal combustion engine intake manifold powers motor
381	Having condition responsive	398	.Utilizing natural energy or
332	control of variable displacement pump	399	having a geographic feature .Unsafeness, unreadiness or
382	Cam or gear carried by stroke device varies displacement	377	disarray prevent manual change or operative state
	-	400	.Selective or simultaneous power
383	pumpAutomatic or cyclic means	100	and manual energy inputs
303	provided plural distinct motor speeds in cycle	401	Fluid motor and directs manual drive of output device
384	.Expansible chamber type	402	Separate manual and motor
304	volumetric responsive measuring device in series	102	driven pumps supply motive fluid to output motor
	with or driven by output motor	403	.Apparatus having means
385	operates the motor controller .Manual pump pressurizes fluid to		responsive to or ameliorating the effects of breakage,
	position output motor motive fluid control valve		plugging, mechanical failure or power failure

404	Stand-by stored energy means activated responsive to malfunction or power failure	424	Serially connected motors controlled to establish parallel operation or to by-
405	Second motive fluid supply means takes load responsive to	425	pass a motor means of the series
406	<pre>failure of firstOutput means locked, positioned or released on failure of motive fluid supply means</pre>	425	Condition responsive means establishes number of motor sections driving a common output
407	.Pneumatic motor with gas supply or removal device	426	Speed of, pressure in, or position of one output motor
408	Convertible motor-pump device selectively charges and is	427	or motor section controls anotherWith manual control or
409	<pre>driven by gas from storage vesselHaving automatic control</pre>	127	selection of motor, motor speed or motor load
410	Responsive to condition in gas storage vessel	428	.Having condition responsive control in a system of
411 412	Suction pressure on motor regulatedHaving pump device		separately operable power input pumps, pump motors, pump cylinders or pressure fluid
413	.With control means for structure		sources
	<pre>storing work driving energy (e.g., accumulator, etc.)</pre>	429	With externally operated multiway valve changing the relationships of the motive
414	Energy of braking or of reversed load on motor stored		fluid pressurizing or supplying means
415 416	Accumulator pressurized by gas pump or external gas supplyPlural accumulators	430	Pressure or volume responsive means shifts the relationship
417	Stroke device driven by	431	.Condition responsive control of
	successively operated energy input structure and stored	432	or by input to input pump drive means
418	energy structureControl by sensor of	432	Pump drive means deactivated responsive to position of output stroke device
419	accumulator condition .Motor driven by motive fluid of system drives pump pressurizing motive fluid of system	433	.Having correlated or joint actuation of controller of input to motive fluid pressurizer and of controller of motive fluid floow
420	.Having condition responsive control in a system of distinct or separately	434	Interlinked pump drive controller and manipulator of stroke device
421	operable outputs or output drive unitsWith plural pump or motive	435	.Having a mechanical clutch or brake device in the power
	fluid source relationships selected by multiway valve	436	<pre>trainCorrelated control of device and motive fluid flow</pre>
422	Independently actuatable outputs with condition		controller
	responsive means insuring sufficiency of feed of motive	437	Selective fluid and mechanical drive of output from input
	fluid	438 439	Condition responsive selectionDevice acts on intermediate
423	Including means for controlling or for reversing input pump drive	4 32	reactive rotor to modify speed ratio or direction

440	Condition or direction responsive device	462	With externally operable multiwasy valve means
441	Condition or direction responsive device		directing flow to a stroke device
442	Device holds output in adjusted position	463	Sensor of external condition controls valve
443	.Servo-motor having externally operated control valve sets motor or pump displacement	464	Of motive fluid transfer between a reservoir and a recirculating path of a pump
444	Having auxiliary pump or external source of motive fluid supplying servo motor	465	<pre>motor loopHaving externally operable means for setting motor or</pre>
445	.Condition responsive control of pump or motor displacement		<pre>pump displacement or direction of rotation</pre>
446	<pre>Pump displacement varied responsive to position of</pre>	466	Of braking or holding valve in motor discharge line
447	motor or output deviceControl actuated by a servo-	467	Stroke cylinder open to exhaust responsive to position of
448	<pre>motor fed by a speed indicating auxiliary pumpBy means sensing rotational</pre>	468	<pre>output memberOf by-pass of motor, pump or flow control element</pre>
449	speed of output motorBy means sensing rotational	469	.Having means controlling or attenuating shock vibration,
450	speed of prime mover or pumpChoke in motor feed or	470	sticking or chattering .Externally operated multiway
130	discharge line establishes displacement control pressure (e.g., rate of flow responsive, etc.)		valve or interconnected control elements control motive fluid for a limited stroke to-and-fro device
451	Controlled by torque of motor or motor discharge pressure	471	Having plural distinct or separately operable output means
452	Pump displacement controlled by pump discharge or motor feed pressure	472	Flow to opposed expansible chambers having a common output reversed
453	.With means purging, cleaning or separating undesirables from motive fluid	473	.Pump means moves motive fluid from one chamber to an
454	Solids from liquid separator		opposite chamber of opposed expansible chambers having a
455	.Having leakage collecting structure		common output
456	.Having distinct cooling or lubricating structure	474	Valve or restriction controls gravity or spring return of
457	.Collapsible joined device having fluid trapping valve in joint	475	outputWith means compensating for
458	.Having assembly or repair structure		charge leakage or volume difference between discharging
459	.Condition responsive control of motive fluid flow	476	<pre>and receiving chambersReversible delivery from pump means</pre>
460	Holding or braking valve in motor exhaust line controlled	477	.Ram driven by fluid pumped from reservoir
461	by pressure in motorfeed lineDischarge from contracting cylinder of double-acting motor controlled	478	Having means pressurizing, vacuumizing or venting reservoir

479	Having selective or variable pump displacement or pump	500	Having articulated buoyant members
	drive leverage	501	Motor is free floating unit
480	Telescopic ram	502	Having fluid flow or wave
481	Having fluid trapping means		controlling, confining or
	with a manual release or by-		directing means
	pass holding ram	503	In which the control means is
482	Release valve and pump		variable
	actuated by a common handle	504	Having flexible strand working
483	.Having selecting means	301	member motion transmitting
103	distributing motive fluid		means
	between plural motors or	505	Having relatively movable
	cylinders rotatating a common	303	working members
	output shaft	506	Working member pivotally
484	.Having plural energy outputs	300	supported
101	(e.g., plural motors, etc.)	507	
485	Unit having coaxial rotary	507	Having one-way clutch power
103	output shafts and pump means		transmission means, e.g.,
	in a common housing (e.g.,	685	ratchet, etc.
	automobile differential, etc.)	085	MOTOR HAVING EXHAUST FLUID
486	.Having plural energy input	606	TREATING OR HANDLING MEANS
100	means, pumps or diverse pump	686	.Having condition responsive
	outlets		control of exhaust structure
487	.Input pump and rotary output	600	or by exhaust condition
107	motor system having	687	.Motor-exhaust assembly with
			stress relieving or absorbing
	displacement varying type of direction or speed selector		structure
488	Including auxiliary system feed	688	.Water mingled with exhaust steam
400	pump	689	.Exhaust fluid mingled with non-
489	Having valve means controlling		exhaust fluid
107	flow between pump and motor	690	.Motor and indirect heat
490	Both motor and pump have		exchanger
1 00	displacement adjustment means	691	Boiler feed water heated by
491	Having common or		exhaust
コンエ	intercontrolled adjuster	692	Having condensate pump
	actuating means	693	Plural heat exchangers
492	_	694	.Including exhaust flow directing
494	Motor swash plate and pump swash plate intercontrolled		or dividing device
493	-	695	Device directs exhaust of air
493	.Valve means reverses flow from		motor into atmosphere
	pump to reversible rotary	696	Device is draft structure of
404	motor		hydraulic motor
494	.Including by-pass or restrictor	697	Turbine discharge directed to
405	controlling flow circuit		flow line
495	MOTOR HAVING A BUOYANT WORKING	698	SYSTEM HAVING PLURAL MOTORS OR
406	MEMBER		HAVING DIVERSE TYPES OF ENERGY
496	.With means to vary buoyancy of		INPUT
400	working member	699	.Spring type motor and internal
497	.Working member actuated by the		combustion engine motor
	rise and fall of a surface of a	700	.Motors intercontrolled
400	body of fluid		responsive to angular speed
498	Having tide responsive working		differential of rotatable
400	member positioning means		output shafts
499	Having means responsive to	701	Hydraulic or pneumatic
			····· aradrio or pirodinatio
	lateral impulse of fluid		intercontrol system
	lateral impulse of fluid	702	

703	.Control including pacer,			
	oscillator, punch card, template or tape	CROSS-REFERENCE ART COLLECTIONS		
704	.Control including clock, retarder or programmer	900	EXCESS AIR TO INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE TO ASSIST EXHAUST	
705	.Signal, indicator or inspection		TREATMENT	
706	<pre>means .Having condition responsive control</pre>	901	EXHAUST TREATMENT SPECIAL TO ROTARY INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES	
707	Of branched flow of motive fluid through serially connected motors	902	ROTARY REACTOR, SEPARATOR OR TREATER OF EXHAUST OF AN INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE	
708	Of or by motor cooling,	903	CLOSURES OPERATORS	
	ventilation, or brake system	904	PROPELLER OR AIR PLANE SYSTEM	
709	Of or by disconnect or load	905	WINDING AND REELING	
	release means to output means or between motors	906	ENGINE SPEED RESPONSIVE THROTTLE CONTROL SYSTEM	
710	Intercontrol of internal combustion engines responsive to relative fuel or manifold conditions	907	WORKING MEMBER POSITIONED AGAINST COUNTERFORCE BY CONSTANTLY APPLIED MOTIVE FLUID WASHING MACHINE SYSTEM	
711	First motor load share adjusted relative to the load share of	909	REACTION MOTOR OR COMPONENT COMPOSED OF SPECIFIC MATERIAL	
	a second motor driving a common load, responsive to a condition of the second motor or of the load	910 911	FREE PISTON FLUID MOTOR SYSTEM INCORPORATING ELECTRICAL SYSTEM	
712	.Engine apparatus or system	912	COOLING MEANS	
712	actuatable selectively or	913	COLLECTION OF REGGIO PATENTS	
	simultaneously by internal	914	EXPLOSIVE	
	combustion of fuel and by	915	COLLECTION OF GODDARD PATENTS	
	expansion of motive fluid	916	UNITARY CONSTRUCTION	
713	.Plural motors having brake means for motor or output means	917	SOLID FUEL RAMJET USING PULVERIZED FUEL	
714	.Plural motors having supply or control of cooling, lubricating, or scavenging			
	fluid	FOREIGN	ART COLLECTIONS	
715	.Plural motors, connected for serial flow of motive fluid	FOR 000 CLASS-RELATED FOREIGN DOCUMENTS		
716	.System of plural motors having a common output structure	Any foreign patents or non-patent litera-		
717	And another output	ture from subclasses that have been		
718	Having disconnect means between a motor and the output	reclassified have been transferred directly to FOR Collection listed below. These collections contain ONLY foreign patents or non-patent literature. The parenthetical references in the Collection titles refer to the abolished subclasses from which these Collections were derived.		
719	.Interrelated or group control operating means for plural motors or outputs			
720	.Unitary support for plural motors			
721	MISCELLANEOUS			

REACTION MOTOR (E.G., MOTIVE FLUID GENERATOR AND REACTION NOZZLE, ETC.) (60/200.1)

- FOR 100 .Including afterburner (60/200.1)
- FOR 101 .Air supplied by ram effect (60/ 270.1)
- FOR 102 .Motive fluid outlet means (60/ 271)
- FOR 103 .Processes (60/39.02)
- FOR 104 ..Regulation of power output (60/ 39.03)
- FOR 105 ...Multiple expansion (60/39.04)
- FOR 106 ..Addition of steam and/or water (60/39.05)
- FOR 107 .. Ignition and/or fuel injection (60/39.06)
- FOR 108 .With nonmotor output (60/39.07)
- FOR 109 .With starting device (60/39.141)
- FOR 110 ..Separate starting device or motive fluid source (60/ 39.142)
- FOR 111 ... Re-expansion (60/39.161)
- FOR 112 .With regulation of power output (60/39.2)

COMBUSTION PRODUCTS USED AS MOTIVE FLUID (60/39.01)

- .With variable oxidizer control (60/39.23)
- ..Automatic (60/39.24)
- FOR 113 ...Oxidizer (60/39.29)
- FOR 114 .With mounting or supporting structure (60/39.31)
- FOR 115 .With expansible connections (60/ 39.32)
- FOR 116 .Convertible and combined (60/ 39.33)
- FOR 117 .Coaxial combustion products generator and combined (60/39.36)
- FOR 118 ..With turbine (60/39.75)